



LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI – 600 034

B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION – PHYSICS

THIRD SEMESTER – NOVEMBER 2023

UPH 3502 – MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS - II

Date: 04-11-2023

Dept. No.

Max. : 100 Marks

Time: 09:00 AM - 12:00 NOON

SECTION A - K1 (CO1)

Answer ALL the Questions

(10 x 1 = 10)

1. Define the following

- a) Order of an equation
- b) Heat equation
- c) Fourier transform
- d) Interpolation
- e) Euler's method

2. Fill in the blanks

- a) The equation of motion of a vibrating string is _____.
- b) Laplace equation is _____.
- c) The Fourier transform of the function $e^{-|x|}$ is _____.
- d) The relation between the shifting operator E and the forward difference operator Δ is _____.
- e) The formula for Trapezoidal rule is _____.

SECTION A - K2 (CO1)

Answer ALL the Questions

(10 x 1 = 10)

3. True or False

- a) Fourier series cannot be used to find the solution of wave equation.
- b) In the heat flow equation, the quantity h is called Planck's constant.
- c) The Fourier transform of $\frac{df}{dt} = i\omega FT(f(t))$.
- d) The value of $E^2 f(x)$ with interval h is f(x)
- e) Using the general quadrature formula, one can obtain the Simpson's rule.

4. Match the following

- a) Wave equation - Trapezoidal rule
- b) $\nabla^2 \phi = 0$ - Linearity Property
- c) Fourier Transform - Laplace equation
- d) Curve fitting - Vibrating string
- e) Numerical Integration - Method of least squares

SECTION B - K3 (CO2)

Answer any TWO of the following

(2 x 10 = 20)

- 5. Solve $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \theta^2} = 0$ by the method of separation of variables.
- 6. Solve the heat equation by Fourier series.
- 7. State and prove convolution theorem

